

**DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY AND FIRE PROTECTION**

NORTHERN REGION HEADQUARTERS REDDING

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OFFICIAL RESPONSE OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT
OF FORESTRY AND FIRE PROTECTION
TO SIGNIFICANT ENVIRONMENTAL POINTS RAISED DURING THE
TIMBER HARVESTING PLAN EVALUATION PROCESS

THP NUMBER: 2-21-00069-SISSUBMITTER: Wyntoon Timberlands, LLCCOUNTY: Siskiyou

END OF PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD: July 12, 2021

DATE OF OFFICIAL RESPONSE/DATE OF APPROVAL: July 13, 2021

The California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection has prepared the following response to significant environmental points raised during the evaluation of the above-referenced plan. Comments made on like topics were grouped together and addressed in a single response. Where a comment raised a unique topic, a separate response is made. Remarks concerning the validity of the review process for timber operations, questions of law, or topics or concerns so remote or speculative that they could not be reasonably assessed or related to the outcome of a timber operation, have not been addressed.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "John Ramaley".

John Ramaley, RPF #2504
Forester III
Cascade, Sierra & Southern Regions

cc:
Unit Chief
Rick Holub, RPF
Dept. of Fish & Game, Reg. 1
Water Quality, Reg. 5
Perry Choktoot

COMMON FOREST PRACTICE ABBREVIATIONS

CAL FIRE	Department of Forestry & Fire Protection	FPR	Forest Practice Rules
CAA	Confidential Archaeological Addendum	LTO	Licensed Timber Operator
CESA	California Endangered Species Act	NMFS	National Marine Fisheries Service
CEQA	California Environmental Quality Act	PHI	Pre-Harvest Inspection
CIA	Cumulative Impacts Assessment	RPF	Registered Professional Forester
CGS	California Geological Survey	THP	Timber Harvest Plan
CSO	California Spotted Owl	USFS	United States Forest Service
DBH	Diameter at Breast Height	WLPZ	Watercourse/Lake Protection Zone
DFG	Department of Fish & Game	WQ	California Regional Water Quality Control Board
DPR	Department of Pesticide Regulation	PCA	Pest Control Advisor
NSO	Northern Spotted Owl	[SIC]	Word used verbatim as originally printed in another document. May indicate a misspelling or uncommon word usage.
CDFW/DFW	California Dept. of Fish & Wildlife		
AB 32	Assembly Bill 32	ARB	Air Resources Board
NPP	Net Primary Production	BOF	Board of Forestry
NEPA	National Environ. Policy Act	CAPCOA	Calif. Air Pollution Control Officers Assoc.
NEP	Net Ecosystem Production	CCR	Calif. Code of Regulations
NTMP	NonIndust. Timb. Manag. Plan	CESA	Calif. Endangered Species Act
OPR	Govm's Office of Plan. & Res.		
Pg	Petagram = 10 ¹⁵ grams		
PNW	Pacific NorthWest	PRC	Public Resources Code
CO ₂	Carbon Dioxide	RPA	Resource Plan. and Assess.
CO _{2e}	Carbon Dioxide equivalent	RPF	Registered Professional Forester
DBH/dbh	Diameter Breast Height	SPI	Sierra Pacific Industries
DFG	Calif. Department of Fish and Game	SYP	Sustained Yield Plan
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency	tC	tonnes of carbon
FPA	Forest Practice Act	Tg	Teragram = 10 ¹² grams
FPR	Forest Practice Rules	THP	Timber Harvesting Plan
GHG	Greenhouse Gas	LBM	Live Tree Biomass
ha ⁻¹	per hectare	TPZ	Timber Production Zone
LTSY	Long Term Sustained Yield	USFWS	U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service
m ²	per square meter	WAA	Watershed Assessment Area
MAI	Mean Annual Increment	WLPZ	Watercourse. & Lake Prot. Zone
MMBF	Million Board Feet	yr ⁻¹	per year
MMTCO _{2E}	Million Metric Tons CO ₂ equivalent		

NOTIFICATION PROCESS

In order to notify the public of the proposed timber harvesting, and to ascertain whether there are any concerns with the plan, the following actions are automatically taken on each THP submitted to CAL FIRE:

- Notice of the timber operation is sent to all adjacent landowners if the boundary is within 300 feet of the proposed harvesting, (As per 14 CCR § 1032.7(e))
- Notice of the Plan is submitted to the county clerk for posting with the other environmental notices. (14 CCR § 1032.8(a))
- Notice of the plan is posted at the Department's local office and in Cascade Area office in Redding. (14 CCR § 1032)
- Notice is posted with the Secretary for Resources in Sacramento. (14 CCR § 1032.8(c))
- Notice of the THP is sent to those organizations and individuals on the Department's current list for notification of the plans in the county. (14 CCR § 1032.9(b))
- A notice of the proposed timber operation is posted at a conspicuous location on the public road nearest the plan site. (14 CCR § 1032.7(g))

THP REVIEW PROCESS

The laws and regulations that govern the timber harvesting plan (THP) review process are found in Statute law in the form of the Forest Practice Act which is contained in the Public Resources Code (PRC), and Administrative law in the rules of the Board of Forestry (rules) which are contained in the California Code of Regulations (CCR).

The rules are lengthy in scope and detail and provide explicit instructions for permissible and prohibited actions that govern the conduct of timber operations in the field. The major categories covered by the rules include:

- *THP contents and the THP review process
- *Silvicultural methods
- *Harvesting practices and erosion control
- *Site preparation
- *Watercourse and Lake Protection
- *Hazard Reduction
- *Fire Protection
- *Forest insect and disease protection practices
- *Logging roads and landing

When a THP is submitted to the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CAL FIRE) a multidisciplinary review team conducts the first review team meeting to assess the THP. The review team normally consists of, but is not necessarily limited to, representatives of CAL FIRE, the Department of Fish and Wildlife (DFW), and the Regional

Water Quality Control Board (WQ). The California Geological Survey (CGS) also reviews THP's for indications of potential slope instability. The purpose of the first review team

meeting is to assess the logging plan and determine on a preliminary basis whether it conforms to the rules of the Board of Forestry. Additionally, questions are formulated which are to be answered by a field inspection team.

Next, a preharvest inspection (PHI) is normally conducted to examine the THP area and the logging plan. All review team members may attend, as well as other experts and agency personnel whom CAL FIRE may request. As a result of the PHI, additional recommendations may be formulated to provide greater environmental protection.

After a PHI, a second review team meeting is conducted to examine the field inspection reports and to finalize any additional recommendations or changes in the THP. The review team transmits these recommendations to the RPF, who must respond to each one. The director's representative considers public comment, the adequacy of the registered professional forester's (RPF's) response, and the recommendations of the review team chair before reaching a decision to approve or deny a THP. If a THP is approved, logging may commence. The THP is valid for up to five years, and may be extended under special circumstances for a maximum of 2 years more for a total of 7 years.

Before commencing operations, the plan submitter must notify CAL FIRE. During operations, CAL FIRE periodically inspects the logging area for THP and rule compliance. The number of the inspections will depend upon the plan size, duration, complexity, regeneration method, and the potential for impacts. The contents of the THP and the rules provide the criteria CAL FIRE inspectors use to determine compliance. While CAL FIRE cannot guarantee that a violation will not occur, it is CAL FIRE's policy to pursue vigorously the prompt and positive enforcement of the Forest Practice Act, the forest practice rules, related laws and regulations, and environmental protection measures applying to timber operations on the timberlands of the State. This enforcement policy is directed primarily at preventing and deterring forest practice violations, and secondarily at prompt and appropriate correction of violations when they occur.

The general means of enforcement of the Forest Practice Act, forest practice rules, and the other related regulations range from the use of violation notices which may require corrective actions, to criminal proceedings through the court system. Civil, administrative civil penalty, Timber operator licensing, and RPF licensing actions can also be taken.

THP review and assessment is based on the assumption that there will be no violations that will adversely affect water quality or watershed values significantly. Most forest practice violations are correctable and CAL FIRE's enforcement program seeks to assure correction. Where non-correctable violations occur, civil or criminal action may be taken against the offender. Depending on the outcome of the case and the court in which the case is heard, some sort of supplemental environmental corrective work may be required. This is intended to offset non-correctable adverse impacts. Once a THP is completed, a completion report must be submitted certifying that the area meets the requirements of the rules. CAL FIRE inspects the completed area to verify that all the rules have been followed including erosion control work.

Depending on the silvicultural system used, the stocking standards of the rules must be met immediately or in certain cases within five years. A stocking report must be filed to certify that the requirements have been met. If the stocking standards have not been met, the area must be planted annually until it is restored. If the landowner fails to restock the land, CAL FIRE may hire a contractor to complete the work and seek recovery of the cost from the landowner.

Public Comment

Public comment for this plan came in the form of an emailed letter to CAL FIRE's Public Comment Inbox. The specific concerns are copied below under each Concern # (#1, #2, etc.).

The following issues/concerns were raised during the public comment period and are addressed as follows:

Concern #1:

Please consider this official comment from the Culture and Heritage Department of the Klamath Tribes of Oregon. All projects that have the ability to disturb the ground need Cultural Resource Surveys completed by a qualified Archaeologist. No Cultural Resource Surveys older than 5 years can be used to diagnose cultural sites as too much time has elapsed and the cultural site has likely changed and cannot be used anymore for identification. All cultural sites need to be flagged and avoided, any ground disturbing activities in or around significant areas need to be culturally monitored. Protection activities should include the protection of culturally significant botanicals also. During the recording of significant areas there will be a need to record negative impacts to the cultural view shed. If there are any questions or concerns please feel free to contact me. Thank you. ^

Response #1:

The Forest Practice Rules associated with archaeological resources in relationship to Timber Harvest Plans are located in Title 14, California Code of Regulation 949 (14 CCR 949). These are the regulations that RPF's are required to follow for the protection of cultural resources.

For this plan, the THP was field surveyed by the RPF, who holds a current certificate from CAL FIRE to be able to perform archaeological surveys, develop mitigations and prepare the Confidential Archaeological Addendum. Further, THPs are typically reviewed by CAL FIRE Archaeologists to ensure the Confidential Archaeological Addendum and protection measures are in conformance with the rules, and, if necessary, conduct a field evaluation to determine the adequacy of the survey and protection measures. For this plan, 2-21-00069-SIS, CAL FIRE Senior Archaeologist Stephanie Velasquez reviewed the THP for conformance with the rules. Ms. Velasquez had several recommendations during the plan review and the plan was revised in accordance to her recommendations.

The rules do not limit surveys to "no older than 5 years", as suggested in the comment, however they do limit how long a records check from the local Information Center is valid for. The definition of "Current Archaeological Records Check is found under 14 CCR 895.1 (Definitions) as follows:

Current Archaeological Records Check means a review of the State's archaeological and historic resource files conducted at the appropriate Information Center of the California Historical

Resource Information System for the area which could be affected by Timber Operations. The Office of Historic Preservation, which is within the Department of Parks and Recreation, has the address for the regional Information Center a person must contact. The records check must have been conducted within five years prior to the date a THP, NTMP, WFMP, or Emergency Notice of 3 acres or more is submitted to the Director.

THP 2-21-00069-SIS used two records checks, one from 4/2016 and one from 3/2021. As the Wyntoon ownership typically selectively logs every ten years, the RPF used previous surveys to find and re-flag previously recorded sites, plus he made additional efforts to determine if other sites not previously located could be found. The RPF did not find any new sites, but did relocate an older site, flagged the site, and provided protection measures for the site.

Monitoring of the site is the responsibility of the Plan Submitter and RPF to ensure that the protection measures within the THP are adhered to and protected sites are not damaged during logging activities. Culturally significant botanical species were not noted within the THP, and neither were any impacts to the cultural view shed noted.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The Department recognizes its responsibility under the Forest Practice Act (FPA) and CEQA to determine whether environmental impacts will be significant and adverse. In the case of the management regime which is part of the THP, significant adverse impacts associated with the proposed application are not anticipated.

CAL FIRE has reviewed the potential impacts from the harvest and reviewed concerns from the public and finds that there will be no expected significant adverse environmental impacts from timber harvesting as described in the Official Response above. Mitigation measures contained in the plan and in the Forest Practice Rules adequately address potential significant adverse environmental effects.

CAL FIRE has considered all pertinent evidence and has determined that no significant adverse cumulative impacts are likely to result from implementing this THP. Pertinent evidence includes, but is not limited to the assessment done by the plan submitter in the watershed and biological assessment area and the knowledge that CAL FIRE has regarding activities that have occurred in the assessment area and surrounding areas where activities could potentially combine to create a significant cumulative impact. This determination is based on the framework provided by the FPA, CCR's, and additional mitigation measures specific to this THP.

CAL FIRE has supplemented the information contained in this THP in conformance with Title 14 CCR § 898, by considering and making known the data and reports which have been submitted from other agencies that reviewed the plan; by considering pertinent information from other timber harvesting documents including THP's, emergency notices, exemption notices, management plans, etc. and including project review documents from other non-CAL FIRE state, local and federal agencies where appropriate; by considering information from aerial photos and GIS databases and by considering information from the CAL FIRE maintained timber harvesting database; by technical knowledge of unit foresters who have reviewed numerous other timber harvesting operations; by reviewing technical publications and participating in research gathering efforts, and participating in training

related to the effects of timber harvesting on forest values; by considering and making available to the RPF who prepares THP's, information submitted by the public.

CAL FIRE further finds that all pertinent issues and substantial questions raised by the public and submitted in writing are addressed in this Official Response. Copies of this response are mailed to those who submitted comments in writing with a return address.

ALL CONCERNS RAISED WERE REVIEWED AND ADDRESSED. ALONG WITH THE FRAMEWORK PROVIDED BY THE FOREST PRACTICE ACT AND THE RULES OF THE BOARD OF FORESTRY, AND THE ADDITION OF THE MITIGATION MEASURES SPECIFIC TO THIS THP, THE DEPARTMENT HAS DETERMINED THAT THERE WILL BE NO SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACTS RESULTING FROM THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS THP.