

LAKE COUNTY WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT LAKE COUNTY WATERSHED PROTECTION DISTRICT

> BLUE RIBBON TECHNICAL SUBCOMMITTEE APRIL 19, 2019 RUNNING CREEK CASINO, UPPER LAKE, CA



Acknowledgments and Thanks



Outline

- Introduction to Clean Water Program
- Water Quality Activities in Lake County
 - Current & Future
 - Data
- TMDL Activities- Lake County Perspective
 - Data
 - Current & Future

Clean Water Program Storm Water Management

Clean Water Program





Home 1 Waterlesues 1 1 Phase II Sma System (MS4

Clean Water Program

Quick Links

Amendments to the s

 Phase If Small MS4 P Trainings and Meeting

The Lake County Clean Water Program (LCCWP) Stormwater Program is a joint effort between the County of Lake, City of Clearlake and the City of Lakeport to reduce the damage caused by polluted stormwater runoff and impacts of increases in peak flows from development.

Effects of Stormwater Runoff

Lake County's lakes, streams, rivers, forests and farms all depend on the replenishing waters of annual precipitation. However, when rain falls on land or impervious areas such as paved streets, parking lots and building roof tops it results in increased peak flows that can wash away soil and sediment, increase stream erosion and cause flooding. Stormwater runoff can change both water quantity and quality affecting our water resources physically, chemically and biologically. Polluted runoff containing oil, grease, chemicals, nutrients, lawn clippings and other yard debris, metals, litter and pathogens for example, can severely reduce water quality. If left unmanaged, runoff stresses our streams, provides extra nutrients for nuisance aquatic weeds and algae blooms, and degrades the beneficial uses of the waters we all enjoy.



Clean Water Program Shortcuts

Main · Management Council · Annual Reports · Community Involvement · Construction BMP Home Tips · Illegal Activities · History · Water Complaints · Program Documents & Links

Contact Us

Water Resources 255 N. Forbes Street, Room 301 Lakeport, CA 95453

Phone: (707) 263-2344

Fax: (707) 263-1965

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HOT TOPICS!

Idle Speed Zone Map

Highland Springs Recreational Area Temporary Trail Closure

Repairing Flooded Home Brochure







Clean Water Program – Agreement & Map

AGREEMENT PROVIDING FOR IMPLEMENTATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE LAKE COUNTY CLEAN WATER PROGRAM

THIS AGREEMENT, is made by and between the Lake County Watershed Protection District (DISTRICT), County of Lake (COUNTY), City of Clearlake (CLEARLAKE) and City of Lakeport (LAKEPORT).

COUNTY, CLEARLAKE and LAKEPORT are hereinafter collectively referred to as "PARTIES" or individually as "PARTY".

RECITALS:

- A. Amendments to the Clean Water Act (CWA) in 1987 added section 402(p), which established a framework for regulating stormwater discharges under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Program. Pursuant to Section 402 (p) of the CWA and EPA regulations, the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board adopted State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) Water Quality Order No. 2003-0005, NPDES Permit No. CAS000004, defining the program that the PARTIES are required to develop and implement. This order has since been amended by order to be NPDES Permit No. CAS000004 WQ 2015-0133-EXEC, ORDER WQ 2016-0069-EXEC, WQ ORDER 2017-XXXX-DWQ, ORDER WQ 2018-0001-EXEC, AND ORDER WQ 2018-0007-EXEC, and will col or continued as appropriate.
- B. On February 19, 2002, the Lake County Stormwater Task Forc
 - 1) Investigate individual vs. area-wide permits; 2) Identify joint efforts/individual efforts;
 - 3) Estimate program costs;

 - 4) Determine existing funding from existing programs; and 5) Evaluate other funding options and establish an impleme

Stormwater Task Force conclusions and recommendation Supervisors and both City Councils were:

- 1) File for permit coverage as co-permittees under Management Plan (SWMP),
- 2) Utilize the DISTRICT for overall program coordination an
- 3) Each PARTY would be responsible for implementing th

EXHIBIT A

LAKE COUNTY CLEAN WATER PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF COST-SHARING PROPORTIONS

Proportional S					
67.7%					
24.5%					
7.9%					
100%					

CALIFORNIA DEPT. OF FINANCE POPULATION FIGURES.

Jurisdiction	2017	2018
County of Lake	64,740	65.081
Clearlake	16,151	15,917
Lakeport	5,125	5,134
Unincorporated	43,464	44,030



CWP - Next Steps

- Agreement Approved & Sent to State County, Lakeport, Clearlake
- Introduce and establish Official Management Council April 25th
 - Members, By-Laws, Work Groups, & Schedule
- Legally move forward to complete storm water tasks
- Coordinate with other departments and agencies
 - CDD
 - Environmental Health
 - Public Works
 - CASQA
 - Water Boards
 - Tribes
 - Farm Bureau



Table #: Clean	Water Pi	rogram Pi	roposed T	ime Scheo	dule with s	pecial co	onsiderati	ion for TN	/IDL-Relate	d Activi	ties PRO	POSED CHAN	NGES IN F	RED					
		20	019	-		20	20				2021	1		2	022		2023	2024	2025
TASK # & DESCRIPTION	J-F-M	A-M-J	J-A-S	O-N-D	J-F-M	A-M-J	J-A-S	O-N-D	J-F-M	A-M-J	J-A-S	O-N-D	J-F-M	A-M-J	J-A-S	O-N-D			
CWP Joint Power Submission Request Letter	x																		
CWP Joint Power Agreement Approval	x																		
CWP JPA Agreement Submission RWQCB		x																	
CWP Bylaws Finalized		х																	
Design and Form Workgroups		X																	
									-										ľ
						N	leeting Sc	hedule for	Workgrou	os		1							
PEOP & PP		х																	
IDDE & Trash Provision		х																	
Con /Pcon/LID																			
MUNI																			
TMDL & EAIP		х																	
Fundraising / Financial		X																	
Reporting SMARTS				х				х				х				х			
Update Website - LC			х				х				х				х				
Update Website – Lakeport	х																		
Update Website – Clearlake																			
BOS / City / Public Presentations	х			х				х				х				х			
Update Website	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х			
Update Storm Water Man. Plan (LC-																			
SWMP)									x	x	х	x							
TMDL Tasks (This section needs to be	updated	based on	feedback	from TSO	and July 1st	^t due date	e for Mon	itoring pla	in and asso	ciated Q	(APPs)								
Submit Time Schedule Order		X																	1
Develop BMP Monitoring Plan		х																	
Conduct Storm WQ Monitoring				х	х			х	х			х	х			х			
Analyze Storm WQ Results					x	x			x	x			x						
Identify priority locations for BMP							х	x	x	x									
Develop plan for BMP placement							~		x	x	х								
Coordinate w/ Dept. for BMPs										L ^	~								
Develop TMDL section for LCSWMP								x	x	x	x			_					
								^			^			_					
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Minutes

Minutes

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Minutes Minutes

Management Council Documents

Agendas and Minutes

Date
March 21, 2019
February 21, 2019
January 17, 2019
November 15, 2018
October 18,2018
September 19, 2018
August 23,2018
August 15, 2012
February 22, 2012

Contact Us

Water Resources

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Water Quality Activities

100 2000 CON

Water Quality Activities – Current

- Post-Fire Stream Storm Monitoring
 - Post-Fire Factsheet (hard copies)
 - QAPP / CEDEN in progress...
- Lake Monitoring w/ DWR
 - Chl A TMDL target
 - Sediment Cores from top 10cm
 - N & P, Al-P, Fe-P
 - Currently being analyzed by UC Davis Dr. Steve Sadro's Lab
- Aquatic Plant Treatments & Data
- Shoreline development & construction activity
- Q/Z Mussel Monitoring some WQ CDFW



Partners on Project: Big Valley EPA, BLM/ USGS Cow Mountain, DWR, UC Davis

Lab Analysis Funding Provided by: US EPA & State Water Resources Control Board under the Federal Nonpoint Source Pollution Control Program (Clean Water Act Section 319)

Approach: Sample during storm events with goal to capture peak discharge using real-time stream gage data provided by the California Nevada River Forecast Center (NOAA & NWS)



Post-Fire / Storm Water Stream Monitoring Parameters being sampled: Amblent w/ in situ meter – temp, pH, specific conductivity, dissolved oxygen, "BV samples salinity, Res, TDS, Turbidity, velocity Lab analysis – Nitrogen (TN, TKN, N02+N03), total phosphorous (TS), total suspended solids (TSS), dissolved solids (DS), total organic carbon (TOC), Hardness, Metals suite (AI, Sb, Ar.Ba.Be.Cd.Ca.Cr.Co.Cu.Fe.Pb.Mg.Mn.Hg.Mo.Ni.Se.Ag.Ti.V.Zn)

Results

Will have summary and trends ready ~May 20°, (Society of Freshwater Science Meeting Followed by one or more public presentation Final Goal: Upload data to CEDEN & touse important findings on WRD website

Questions? Angela De Palma-Dow Angela Depalma-Dow@lakecountyca.gov (707)263-2344

LAKE US ON FACEBOOK



Pre/ Post-Fire – Stream TSS Trends



Pre-Fire Lake TSS Trends



Sediment Cores – Total P (DWR & UCD)







July 2018

THE EFFECTS OF MOTOR BOATS ON WATER QUALITY IN SHALLOW LAKES

DAVID N. NEDOHIN and P. ELEFSINIOTIS*

University of Manitoba, Department of Civil and Geological Engineering, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada R3T 5V6

(Received 29 May 1996; Revised 19 November 1996)

A case study was performed to determine if motor boats could accelerate the rate at which eutrophication occurs in shallow lakes. Two lakes were examined and tested for pH, turbidity, and phosphorous concentrations: one with motor boat activity and one without. Results indicate that motor boat activity creates enough disturbance on the bottom sediment to release the stored phosphorous into the overlying water.

Keywords: Phosphorus; natural eutrophication; cultural eutrophication; storage pool; limiting nutrient: pH: turbidity

TABLE I Effective Mixing Depth by Engine Size

HORSEPOWER	MIXING DEPTH (m)
10	1.8
28	3.0
50	4.6

THE EFFI QI shoreline erosion and potential solutions for the Chesapeake Bay

University of Mar

A case study was r

eutrophication occur

and phosphorous con that motor boat activ

phosphorous into the

Keywords: Phosphor

nutrient: pH: turbidit



STAC Review Report Fall 2016

Original Articles Physical Impacts of Wind and Boat Traffic on Clear Lake, Iowa, USA

James L. Anthony & John A. Downing Pages 1-14 | Published online: 23 Jan 2009 & Download citation 2 https://doi.org/10.1080/07438140309353984

🛢 References 😘 Citations 🔟 Metrics 🖨 Reprints & Permissions 🔯 PDF

ABSTRACT

Clear Lake is a shallow (Z_{mean} =2.9 m), eutrophic (TP_{mean} =188 µgL⁻¹) lake that is intensively used forrecreation. After a century of intense agriculture in the watershed, the bottom is covered with nutrient-rich organic sediments. We monitored wind, boat traffic and turbidity and found that resuspension of this sediment by wind-induced waves and recreational boat traffic contributes to daily, often substantial, nutrient fluxes. Intensive monitoring over a wind-event showed that total phosphorus concentrations can increase by 100% over a diel period and ammonia concentrations People also read

Article

Stirring up Trouble? Resuspension of Bottom Sediments by Recreational Watercraft >

Free ac

Original Articles

HORSE

2

TABLE

Effect of motorized watercraft on summer nearshore turbidity at Lake Tahoe, California– Nevada

Michael T Alexander & Dussel

Michael T. Alexander & Russell C. Wigart Pages 247-256 | Published online: 15 Oct 2013

66 Download citation 2 https://doi.org/10.1080/10402381.2013.840704

• MS4 Storm Water Monitoring

- - Lake County, Lakeport, Clearlake Plan before 2020 Storm Season
 - Urban inputs sediments, nutrients
 - Trash impacts plan done in July
- TMDL Monitoring
 - Part of MS4 Monitoring above
- Expand surface stream monitoring Quality & Quantity
 - Adobe Creek / Highland Springs
 - Upper Watershed Alley, Clover, Tule Lake, Scotts Creek
 - Middle Creek Wetland Restoration Area Pre / Post
- Data Management
 - Get all new & old data into CEDEN
 - Portal / Access from WRD webpage





TMDL – What & How?

- Total Maximum Daily Load
 - Impaired waterbody 303d list by USEPA bill of health
 - Allowable amount or "load" health target
 - Way to gauge lake health is what you are doing working?
 - Clear Lake Nutrient TMDL Chl A 73ug/l





Surface Chl A (ug/L) for Clear Lake (2005 - 2019) ug/L 0.5 m & 3 m

Lake County's Role in TMDL

- Reduce P / sediments inputs in from
 - County MS4 areas
 - Yellow (not tan)
 - Non-MS4 areas
 - Highland Springs
 - Middle Creek
 - Scott's Valley
 - County Park area



Clearlake TMDL

- Reduce P / sediments inputs in from
 - Purple Shaded areas for TMDL
 - Urban areas
 - New Construction
 - Roads
 - Direct Lake input, outflows
 - Street sweeping / cleaning
 - Any other storm water infrastructure



Lakeport TMDL

- Reduce P / sediments inputs from
 - Urban areas
 - New Construction
 - Roads
 - Direct Lake input, outflows
 - Street sweeping / cleaning
 - Impervious surface \$\$



CWP TMDL - Steps Forward

- Quantify Structural Control \rightarrow Develop method to track bmps
 - Find them
 - Identify effectiveness \rightarrow Expand monitoring & Find literature
- Quantifying source control \rightarrow Outreach effectiveness
 - Blue Ribbon Outreach Special Project Proposal
- Program Expansion
 - Create a TMDL Monitoring Plan & QAPP (before 2020)
 - Budget for monitoring plan
 - Grants for planning projects are limited or absent
 - Increase Storm Water Outreach
 - Think about contribution of internal lake processes
 - Boating activity
 - Shoreline activities

Example:

Table 6. Comparison of street-dirt yields, measured during the no-sweeping phase of this study in Madison, Wis., to those for other residential streets in the United States.

[--, no data; all values in pounds per curb-mile]

		S	tudy basin	Previous studies						
Statistic	Control	Air sweeper	High-frequency broom	Low-frequency broom	Champaign, III. ¹	Bellevue, Wash. ²	San Jose, Calif. ³	U.S. nationwide ⁴		
				486	408	815	310	391		
Public E	ducatio	n Program	1	488		705				





Source: Claytor, 1996

Example:

Table 6. Comparison of street-dirt yields, measured during the no-sweeping phase of this study in Madison, Wis., to those for other residential streets in the United States.

[--, no data; all values in pounds per curb-mile]

				S	tudy basin			Previou	us studies	
		Statistic	Control	Air sweeper	High-frequency broom	Low-frequency broom	Champaign, III. ¹	Bellevue, Wash. ²	San Jose, Calif. ³	U.S. nationwide ⁴
	-				Y2	486	408	815	310	391
						488		705		
	Total Phosphorus Loads A (Pre-) and B (Post-) Education Grou	ping								
5-		* C	0							
4- (6)										
Storm Load (kg)										
L 2-										
5			0							
0-			b							
	A-Pre (n=20, 2 ND's, 7 J's) B-F Outreach Period	Post (n=1	1, 2 J's)							
	Red border highlights medians' 95% confident Dashed line () connects media		ıls.							

Figure 38 Storm total phosphorus load boxplots

Example:

Table 6. Comparison of street-dirt yields, measured during the no-sweeping phase of this study in Madison, Wis., to those for other residential streets in the United States.

[--, no data; all values in pounds per curb-mile]

	Study basin		Previous studies					
Statistic	High-frequency	Low-frequency	Champaign.	Bellevue.	San Jose.	U.S.		



Table 4-3. Typical Pollutant Loadings from Runoff by Urban Land Use (lbs/acre-yr)

Land Use	TSS	ТР	TKN	NH ₃ -N	NO ₂ +NO ₃ -N	BOD	COD	Pb	Zn	Cu
Commercial	1000	1.5	6.7	1.9	3.1	62	420	2.7	2.1	0.4
Parking Lot	400	0.7	5.1	2	2.9	47	270	0.8	0.8	0.04
HDR	420	1	4.2	0.8	2	27	170	0.8	0.7	0.03
MDR	190	0.5	2.5	0.5	1.4	13	72	0.2	0.2	0.14
LDR	10	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.1	NA	NA	0.01	0.04	0.01
Freeway	880	0.9	7.9	1.5	4.2	NA	NA	4.5	2.1	0.37
Industrial	<mark>86</mark> 0	1.3	3.8	0.2	1.3	NA	NA	2.4	7.3	0.5
Park	3	0.03	1.5	NA	0.3	NA	2	0	NA	NA
Construction	6000	80	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

HDR: High Density Residential, MDR: Medium Density Residential, LDR: Low Density Residential NA: Not available; insufficient data to characterize loadings Source: Horner et al, 1994

Figure 38 Storm total phosphorus loa



All Videos



Measuring water clarity with Angela & Marina 1.6K views 16 April



"So lovely was the loneliness of a wild lake." -Edgar Allan Poe 116 views · 8 April



Video Insights

Spring time is hitch time! You too can help track these awesome,... 1.3K views · 4 April Learn about lake sediment sampling with Water...

+ Add Video

Lake County Water Resources Department @lakecountywater 052

Learn about monitoring stream water quality with us at Water... 1.1K views · 14 February



Check out Water Resources Staff monitoring post-fire storm... 420 views · 4 February



190 views - 19 March

Video Library



Contact Us

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HOT TOPICS!

Highland Springs Recreational Area Temporary Trail Closure

See, Learn, Like

About Us

Water Resources is responsible for the preservation, health, and growth of Clear Lake, the largest fresh water lake in California. The two main branches of Water Resources are Lakebed Management and Lake County Watershed Protection District from which all of our programs and projects stem.

> Frequently Used Applications Lakebed Encroachment Permit Highland Springs Hunting Permit Highland Springs Property Usage Permit Aquatic Plant Management Permit

April 2019

Repairing Flooded Home Brochure

Questions? Angela.Depalma-Dow@lakecountyca.gov

